

EucMedia 8 Malcolm French July 2017

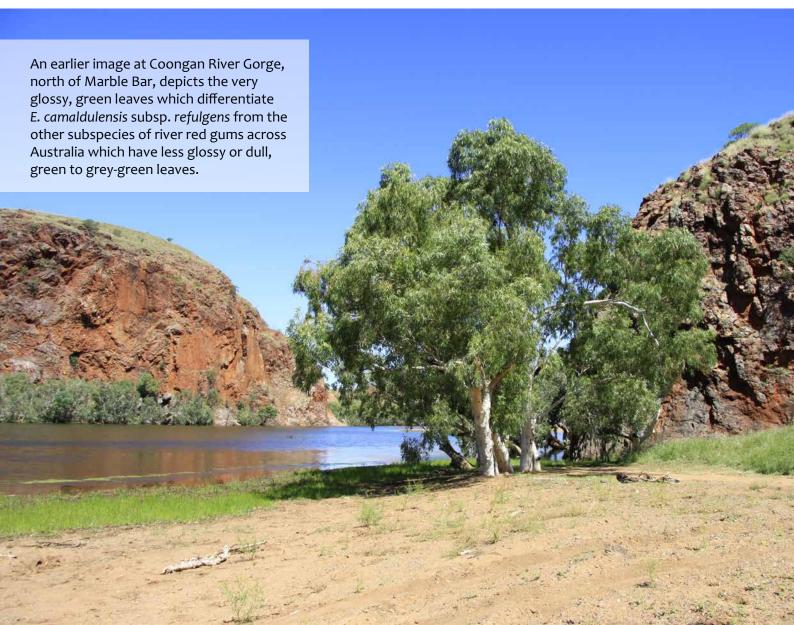














White-leaved mallee (E. albida)

with its bright green adult leaves confined to the upper crown, stands out across this northern wheatbelt sandplain, west of Three Springs.

Note the whitish juvenile leaves near ground level which contrast with the bright green adult leaves.





Early May, a well-planned

desert & goldfields trip

was met with unseasonal rains in the Balladonia region, so off to the dry northwestern goldfields to research taxa from the *E. orbifolia* group, including the little-known *E. educta*.

Along the way it's great to see the goldfield eucalypts looking great, such as *E. capillosa*, *E. clelandii* and *E. salubris*.









Always great to see the minniritchi-barked acacias, this one on granite at Oodabunna Station, north-east of Paynes Find.









Rarely cultivated,

Eucalyptus educta
is certain to become one of Australia's favourite cultivated eucalypts.





Eucalyptus petraea

snug in its usual granite habitat on Wardagga Hill.



Before winter sets in, just had to go to

Bluff Knoll

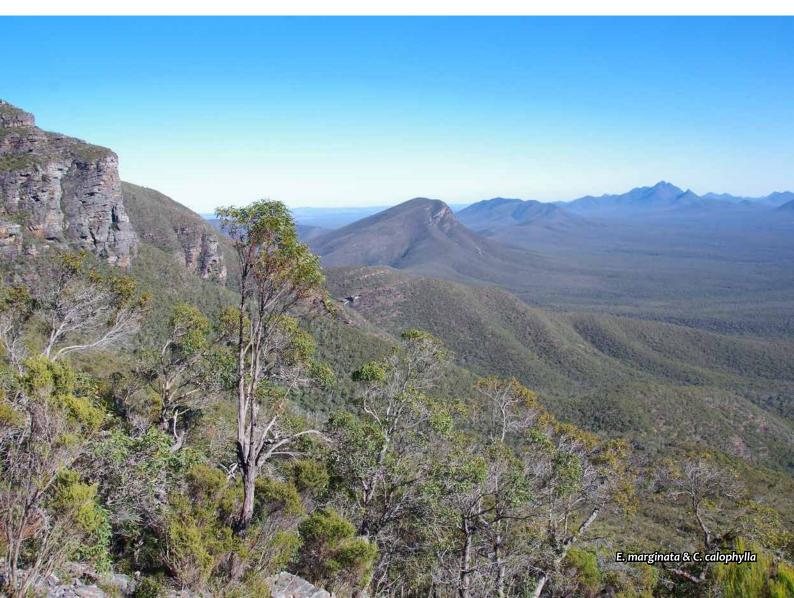
in the Stirling Range, the highest mountain in the south of WA, at 1,099 metres.

Three days later it snowed on Bluff Knoll!



The tortuous track up Bluff Knoll, with marri (C. calophylla)
on the left, jarrah (E. marginata)
on the right.



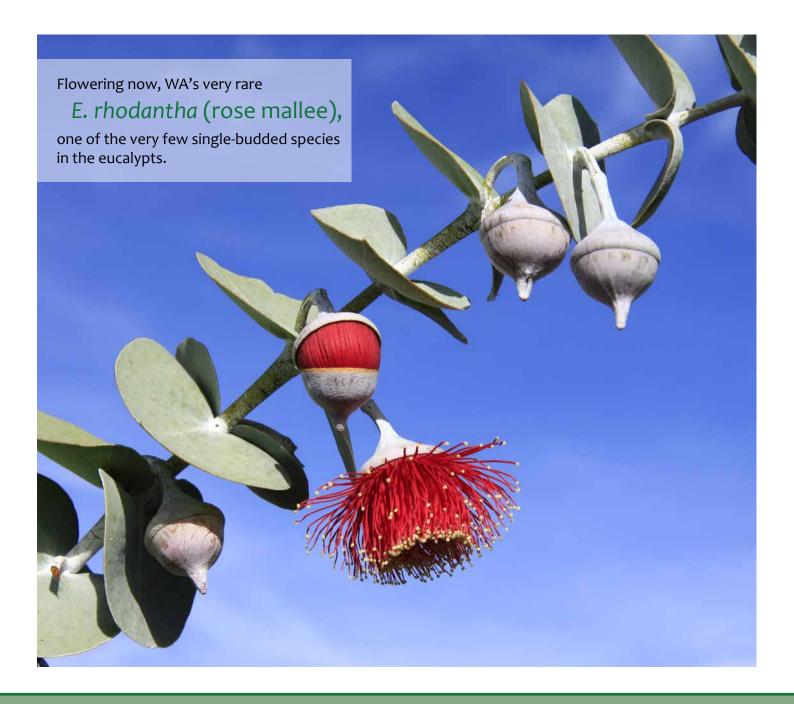


Bullich (E. megacarpa),

the highest altitude eucalypt in southern WA, here at 800 metres above sea level. The highest seen was at 920 metres.







Any comments or questions, please contact me at mef@eucalyptsofwa.com.au

Happy eucalypting!

Regards, Malcolm French

